

## TEST OF ENGLISH AS A FOREIGN LANGUAGE (A)

### Part 1

Study the following passage and mark the correct expression by putting a cross in the corresponding box marked A, B or, C on your answer sheet.

#### Changing countries

(1)\_\_\_\_\_ a new life and hoping for a significant (2)\_\_\_\_\_ in their standard of living, foreign workers began flocking into Western Europe during the 1950s. In Britain, some of the first immigrants arriving from the West Indies and the Indian subcontinent were welcomed by brass bands, but the dream of a new life soon (3)\_\_\_\_\_ sour for many.

Attracted by the promise to earn good money and learn new skills, the reality they found was often one of low (4)\_\_\_\_\_ and, in many (5)\_\_\_\_\_, unemployment. Some did not (6)\_\_\_\_\_ easily to a life in a country of cold weather, cold welcomes and discrimination. The (7)\_\_\_\_\_ of West Indian immigrants (8)\_\_\_\_\_ into the inner cities, areas that were already fraught with social tensions caused by poverty and (9)\_\_\_\_\_ housing. There were cases of open hostility towards the newcomers; in 1958, riots (10)\_\_\_\_\_ out in Notting Hill, West London, when gangs of white youths began taunting immigrants.

Yet despite the (11)\_\_\_\_\_ difficulties they encountered, many foreign workers did manage to (12)\_\_\_\_\_ to their new conditions, settling in their new adopted country and prospering. Their contribution had the effect not only of speeding up the (13)\_\_\_\_\_ of economic change in the post war period, it also (14)\_\_\_\_\_ Western Europe into a multiracial (15)\_\_\_\_\_.

1	A	Searching	B	Looking	C	Seeking
2	A	switch	B	change	C	modification
3	A	turned	B	converted	C	switched
4	A	wages	B	money	C	taxes
5	A	occasions	B	cases	C	ways
6	A	adapt	B	adopt	C	adept
7	A	number	B	percentage	C	majority
8	A	changed	B	lived	C	moved
9	A	poor	B	low	C	few
10	A	broke	B	carried	C	came
11	A	several	B	high	C	numerous
12	A	amend	B	adjust	C	turn
13	A	step	B	motion	C	pace
14	A	transferred	B	transformed	C	modified
15	A	society	B	company	C	corporation

### Part 2

Read the sentences carefully and mark the correct word or construction by putting a cross in the corresponding box marked A, B or, C on your answer sheet.

16 Several people \_\_\_\_\_ the earthquake and they are being treated in hospital.

- A **have survived**                      B are surviving                      C are survived

17 This matter \_\_\_\_\_ concern you.

- A is of no                      B **does not**                      C is none

18 Getting to work on time means \_\_\_\_\_ at 6.00.

- A get up                      B **getting up**                      C have to get up

- 19 The research team \_\_\_\_\_ George, Harry and me.  
A consisting                      B is consisted of                      C **consists of**
- 20 I \_\_\_\_\_ that you have a vacancy for a computer operator.  
A told                      B **was told**                      C have told
- 21 So far I \_\_\_\_\_ five pages of my article.  
A wrote                      B have been writing                      C **have written**
- 22 Bicycles \_\_\_\_\_ in the city instead of public transport.  
A **are widely used**                      B are widely using                      C use widely
- 23 It has been decided to adopt a flexi-time system \_\_\_\_\_ a period of three months.  
A **for**                      B on                      C by
- 24 Fortunately, we had the directions. \_\_\_\_\_ we wouldn't have found the place.  
A Else                      B Unless                      C **Otherwise**
- 25 If you \_\_\_\_\_ your bills within ten days, we'll have to take legal action.  
A won't settle                      B **don't settle**                      C didn't settle
- 26 If I were you, I \_\_\_\_\_ more time on your written work.  
A **'d spend**                      B spend                      C spent
- 27 We cannot use the laboratory. It \_\_\_\_\_.  
A is reconstructed                      B reconstructs                      C **is being reconstructed**
- 28 I \_\_\_\_\_ get a visa before I go to Libya. I can't get in without one.  
A should                      B **have to**                      C need
- 29 You \_\_\_\_\_ some delicate questions by the authorities.  
A may ask                      B might ask                      C **might be asked**
- 30 Dave arrived early \_\_\_\_\_ he could speak to the presenter before his lecture.  
A **so that**                      B in order to                      C to
- 31 Harry was \_\_\_\_\_ to reach the shelf.  
A too tall                      B enough tall                      C **tall enough**
- 32 \_\_\_\_\_ she felt very ill, Maria went to school.  
A In spite                      B **Even though**                      C Despite
- 33 The lady \_\_\_\_\_ map I had borrowed wanted it back.  
A who                      B whom                      C **whose**
- 34 Could I have \_\_\_\_\_ information?  
A a                      B **some**                      C an
- 35 \_\_\_\_\_ these books will be very useful.  
A **Neither of**                      B None                      C Either
- 36 They gave the programme to everyone \_\_\_\_\_ me.  
A **except**                      B even though                      C instead
- 37 All the shops were closed, \_\_\_\_\_ it was a public holiday.  
A yet                      B instead                      C **since**
- 38 How \_\_\_\_\_ equipment do we need to buy?  
A lot of                      B **much**                      C many
- 39 Gary is very busy with his project. He has \_\_\_\_\_ time for other things.  
A **little**                      B a little                      C few
- 40 I seldom visit art galleries. I'm not particularly \_\_\_\_\_ in art.  
A interesting                      B **interested**                      C interest